राष्ट्रीय फैशन प्रोद्योगिकी संस्थान
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF FASHION TECHNOLOGY
(A Statutory Body under the NIFT Act No. 28 dated July 13, 2006 of the Parliament of India)
Ministry of Textiles, Government of India

Note:

The students shall be awarded grades as per the absolute grading system which shall be converted into Grade points as per the conversion given below:

| Grades | Grade Points | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O | 10.0 | Outstanding |
| A+ | $=>9.0<10.0$ | Excellent |
| A | $=>8.0<9.0$ | Very Good |
| B+ | $\Rightarrow>7.0<8.0$ | Good |
| B | $=>6.0<7.0$ | Satisfactory/ Fair |
| C | $=>5.0<6.0$ | Average |
| D | $=>4.0<5.0$ | Low Pass |
| P | $=>4.00$ | Pass after Followupexam |
| F | $<4.0$ | Fail |

A student has to obtain a minimum grade of ' $C$ ' in a Major Subjects, Deepening Specializations, and IDM and a minimum grade of ' $D$ ' in General Electives and floating subjects in order to be declared "Pass" in the subject.

A student who attends any Floating Subject and fulfils the criteria of minimum attendance i.e., $65 \%$, but fails to appear in the end term examination, shall be awarded a Grade "L" for audit which shall not be converted into grade points. However, the grade sheet shall reflect the subject with the above grade.

## Calculation of Total Grade Points earned by student in a semester

i) SGPA: The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is calculated based on the Credits and Grades obtained by student in all courses. The number of credits for each course is multiplied by the Grade Point obtained by the student in a particular course and all the products are added. The sum is then divided by the total number of credits registered by the student.

SGPA $=\sum$ (No. of Credits $x$ Grade Point)
$\sum$ No. of Credits

SGPA is mentioned up-to two (2) decimal points without rounding off.
ii) CGPA: Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is calculated based on the number of Credits and Grades obtained by student in all se mester up to the final semester. The formula for calculation of CGPA is as under;

$$
\sum_{j=1}^{m}(C j \times P j)
$$

CGPA $=m$
$\Sigma \mathrm{C} j$
$\mathrm{j}=1$
Where
C $\mathrm{j}=$ Number of credits of the course, up to the semester for which CGPA is to be calculated
$P \mathrm{j}=$ Grade point earned in jth course. A grade lower than D (i.e. grade point $<4$ ) in a course shall not be taken into account
$\mathrm{j}=1$ $\qquad$ $m$; represent the number of courses in which a student was registered and obtained a grade not lower than ' $D$ ' up-to the final semester for which CGPA is to be calculated.

CGPA is to be mentioned up to one (1) decimal point with rounding off.
There are lower caps in the absolute grading system, which define pass in Major Subjects, Deepening Specializations and IDM as 50\% marks and pass in General Electives and Floating subjects as $40 \%$ marks.

## Equivalent Percentage

NIFT does not follow any conversion formula to convert grade into percentage, however CGPA may be equated to percentage marks by multiplying CGPA by constant value of 10 .
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